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l	APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
•	10/072,503	02/06/2002	Anthony M. Uzzo	03419-P0001B	3329	
		7590 03/08/200 EWARD JOHNSTON		EXAMINER		
	986 BEDFORE	986 BEDFORD STREET	,	FRENEL, VANEL		
	STAMFORD, CT 06905-5619		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
				3627		
	SHORTENED STATUTOR	Y PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE		
	3 MO	NTHS	03/08/2007	PAF	PER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
		10/072,503	UZZO ET AL.				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	•	Vanel Frenel	3627				
D	The MAILING DATE of this communication app	pears on the cover sheet wi	th the correspondence address				
Period fo	• •						
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DON'S INTERIOR OF THE MAIL	ATE OF THIS COMMUNION (36(a). In no event, however, may a rewill apply and will expire SIX (6) MON (a), cause the application to become AB	CATION.  eply be timely filed  THS from the mailing date of this communication  ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12/2	1/07					
'=		action is non-final.					
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allowa		ers, prosecution as to the merits	is			
	closed in accordance with the practice under E	·	·				
Disposit	ion of Claims						
4)⊠	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-10 and 24-31</u> is/are pending in the application.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	• •					
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)🖂	Claim(s) <u>1-10, 24-31</u> is/are rejected.		•				
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8)[	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.					
Applicat	ion Papers						
_	The specification is objected to by the Examine	ır					
	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc		ov the Examiner				
,	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct			(d).			
11)[	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	•	•	<b>(-7</b> -			
Priority ι	under 35 U.S.C. § 119			•			
12)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. §	119(a)-(d) or (f).				
	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:	, ,	(4)				
	1. Certified copies of the priority document	s have been received.					
	2. Certified copies of the priority document		pplication No				
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior	rity documents have been	received in this National Stage				
	application from the International Bureau	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					
* \$	See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not	received.				
Attachmen 1\⊠ No∜a	• •	<b></b>					
	e of References Cited (PTO-892) te of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)		ummary (PTO-413) )/Mail Date				
3) 🔲 Infor	mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	5) D Notice of Ir	formal Patent Application				
Pape	r No(s)/Mail Date	6) [] Other:	<b></b> ∙	•			

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Notice to Applicant

This communication is in response to the Amendment filed on 12/21/06. Claims
 1-10 and 24-31 are pending.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1-10 and 24-31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Salvo et al (6,341,271) in view of Mowery et al (5,983,198), for substantially the same reasons given in the previous Office Action, and incorporated herein. Further reasons are presented hereinbelow.

#### Response to Arguments

- 4. Applicant's arguments filed on 12/8/06 with respect to claims 1-10 and 24-31 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.
- (A) At pages 9-13 of the response filed on 12/8/06, Applicant's argues the followings:
  - (i) Salvo teaches away from the route optimization software.

(ii) Salvo does not teach or disclose "route optimization" as defined and used in

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the present application.

(iii) There is absolutely no disclosure, teaching or suggestion in Salvo of route

optimization software (or module), by the dealer optimizes its schedule of deliveries to

customer storage locations based upon storage levels at the customer storage

locations.

(iv) There is no motivation to combine Salvo and Mowery but only the presently

pending claims.

(B) With respect to Applicant's first argument, Examiner respectfully noted that

"executes optimizing instruction" to be a form of "route optimization software" See

Mowery, Col.7, lines 13-32) which correspond to Applicant's claimed feature.

In response to applicant's argument that Salvo is nonanalogous art, it has been

held that a prior art reference must either be in the field of applicant's endeavor or, if

not, then be reasonably pertinent to the particular problem with which the applicant was

concerned, in order to be relied upon as a basis for rejection of the claimed invention.

See In re Oetiker, 977 F.2d 1443, 24 USPQ2d 1443 (Fed. Cir. 1992). In this case,

Examiner respectfully submitted that Salvo clearly teaches a system that provides an

ability to interact and send information to a vendor's manufacturing schedule, forecast

possible manufacturing based on historical, estimated future, or market data and

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indicators; and provide a display of data in a useful format to a vendor, customer, manufacturer, and others that desire the information, would be useful. An automated vendor managed inventory system of this nature would permit lowest total cost purchasing, ordering, and delivery of inventory which pertains to Applicant's invention.

Therefore, Applicant's argument is not persuasive, and the rejection is hereby sustained.

- (C) With respect to Applicant's second argument, Examiner respectfully submitted that He relied upon the clear teaching of Mowery in Col.5, lines 35-65 for such a feature. Therefore, Applicant's argument is not persuasive and the rejection is hereby sustained.
- (D) With respect to Applicant's third argument, Examiner respectfully submitted that He relied upon the clear teaching of Mowery in Col.8, lines 23-67 for such a feature.

  Therefore, Applicant's argument is not persuasive and the rejection is hereby sustained.
- (E) With respect to Applicant's fourth argument, Examiner respectfully submitted that obviousness is determined on the basis of the evidence as a whole and the relative persuasiveness of the arguments. See *In re Oetiker*, 977 F.2d 1443, 1445, 24 USPQ2d 1443, 1444 (Fed. Cir. 1992); *In re Hedges*, 783 F.2d 1038, 1039, 228 USPQ 685,686 (Fed. Cir. 1992); *In re Piasecki*, 745 F.2d 1468, 1472, 223 USPQ 785,788 (Fed. Cir. 1984); and *In re Rinehart*, 531 F.2d 1048, 1052, 189 USPQ 143,147 (CCPA 1976). Using this standard, the Examiner respectfully submits that he has at least satisfied the

burden of presenting a *prima facie* case of obviousness, since he has presented evidence of corresponding claim elements in the prior art and has expressly articulated the combinations and the motivations for combinations that fairly suggest Applicant's claimed invention.

Rather, Applicant does not point to any specific distinction(s) between the features disclosed in the references and the features that are presently claimed. In particular, 37 CFR 1.111(b) states, "A general allegation that the claims define a patentable invention without specifically pointing out how the language of the claims patentably distinguishes them from the reference does not comply with the requirements of this section." Applicant has failed to specifically point out how the language of the claims patentably distinguishes them from the applied references.

Also, arguments or conclusions of Attorney cannot take the place of evidence. In re Cole, 51 CCPA 919, 326 F.2d 769, 140 USPQ 230 (1964); In re Schulze, 52 CCPA 1422, 346 F.2d 600, 145 USPQ 716 (1965); Mertizner v. Mindick, 549 F.2d 775, 193 USPQ 17 (CCPA 1977).

In addition, the Examiner recognizes that references cannot be arbitrarily altered or modified and that there must be some reason why one skilled in the art would be motivated to make the proposed modifications. However, although the Examiner agrees that the motivation or suggestion to make modifications must be articulated, it is respectfully contended that there is no requirement that the motivation to make modifications must be expressly articulated within the references themselves.

References are evaluated by what they suggest to one versed in the art, rather than by their specific disclosures, *In re Bozek*, 163 USPQ 545 (CCPA 1969).

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The Examiner is concerned that Applicant apparently ignores the mandate of the numerous court decisions supporting the position given above. The issue of obviousness is not determined by what the references expressly state but by what they would reasonably suggest to one of ordinary skill in the art, as supported by decisions in *In re DeLisle* 406 Fed 1326, 160 USPQ 806; *In re Kell, Terry and Davies* 208 USPQ 871; and *In re Fine*, 837 F.2d 1071, 1074, 5 USPQ 2d 1596, 1598 (Fed. Cir. 1988) (citing *In re Lalu*, 747 F.2d 703, 705, 223 USPQ 1257, 1258 (Fed. Cir. 1988)). Further, it was determined in *In re Lamberti et al*, 192 USPQ 278 (CCPA) that:

- (i) obviousness does not require absolute predictability;
- (ii) non-preferred embodiments of prior art must also be considered; and
- (iii) the question is not <u>express</u> teaching of references, but what they would suggest. Therefore, Applicant's argument is not persuasive and the rejection is hereby sustained.
- 5. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

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#### Conclusion

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Vanel Frenel whose telephone number is 571-272-6769. The examiner can normally be reached on 6:30am-5:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Zeender Ryan Florian can be reached on 571-272-6790. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

V.F V.F

March 3, 2007

Michael luff 3/5/07

MICHAEL CUFF PRIMARY EXAMINED